



A short and stereoselective total synthesis of (\pm)-sesamin by radical cyclisation of an epoxide using a transition-metal radical source

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Abstract

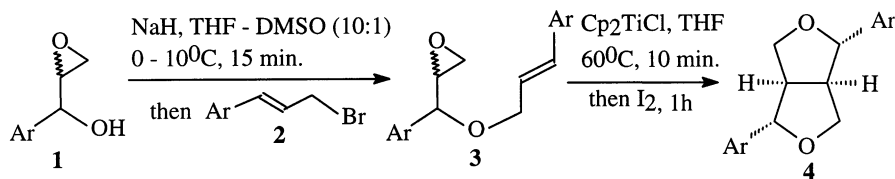
A short, efficient and stereoselective synthesis of a furofuran lignan, (\pm)-sesamin, has been achieved in good overall yield through the radical cyclisation of an epoxide using a Ti(III) reagent as the radical initiator. © 2000 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

Keywords: stereoselective; radical cyclisation; epoxide; transition-metal.

Due to the widespread occurrence in nature¹ and the broad range of biological activities,² lignans have attracted considerable interest over the years. A major subgroup of lignans is comprised of substituted 3,7-dioxabicyclo-octanes, the synthesis of which poses interesting and often unsolved problems of stereocontrol. Sesamin is one of the representative biologically active furofuran lignans which was isolated from hydrocotyle plants.³ Although a few interesting syntheses providing this natural product have been reported,⁴ an intramolecular radical cyclisation route has not yet been explored. We report here, a short and stereoselective synthesis of (\pm)-sesamin (**4**) in good overall yield by intramolecular radical cyclisation of an epoxide using a Ti(III) species as the radical source. The radical initiator Cp₂TiCl was generated⁵ in situ from commercially available titanocene dichloride and zinc dust in tetrahydrofuran.

Thus, the known⁶ isomeric mixture of epoxides **1** on treatment with the bromide **2** in the presence of NaH in THF–DMSO afforded the epoxides **3** (Scheme 1) as an isomeric mixture in a ratio of 1:1 in 78% yield.⁷ The ratio was determined from the distinguishable signals of the secondary proton attached to the epoxide carbon in ¹H NMR at δ 3.14 (m, 1/2 H) and at δ 3.19 (m, 1/2 H). The two isomers could not be separated by the usual chromatographic methods.

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Scheme 1. Ar = 3,4-methylenedioxy phenyl

The crude epoxide **3** was treated with Cp_2TiCl in THF (prepared in situ from Cp_2TiCl_2 and Zn-dust in THF) at 60°C and the resulting solution was stirred with an excess of I_2 at that temperature for 1 h to furnish (\pm)-sesamin (**4**)⁸ as the only product⁹ in 93% yield; mp $123\text{--}124^\circ\text{C}$ [lit. mp for (–)-sesamin⁸ $123\text{--}124.5^\circ\text{C}$, for (\pm)-sesamin^{4d} $129\text{--}130^\circ\text{C}$].

In conclusion, we have successfully achieved a short and stereoselective total synthesis of a furofuran lignan, sesamin, in good overall yield by radical cyclisation of an epoxide using a transition-metal radical source.

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- Spectral data of compound **4**: ^1H NMR (300 MHz) δ 3.02–3.06 (m, 2H), 3.86 (dd, $J=9$ and 3.6 Hz, 2H), 4.23 (dd, $J=9$ and 7 Hz, 2H), 4.70 (d, $J=4.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.92 (s, 4H), 6.75–6.83 (m, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz) δ 53.3, 70.7, 84.8, 100.1, 105.5, 107.2, 118.3, 134.0, 146.1, 147.0.